NO(

SURFACE CURRENTS.

SCUTHEAST CENTRAL SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN



NOVEMBER 1977

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MAVAL OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE NSTL STATION, MISSISSIPPI 39522

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ABSTRACT

THIS ATLAS, AND THE SERIES OF WHICH IT IS A PART, IS COM-PUTER GENERATED AND AUTOMATICALLY PLOTTED. IT MAKES AVAILABLE TO THE USER THE MOST RECENT SURFACE CURRENT DATA COLLECTED AND WILL BE UPDATED WHENEVER SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS OF DATA ARE ADDED TO THE DATA FILE. THIS AND THE OTHER ATLASES ARE BASED ON A VAST QUANTITY OF DATA AS COMPARED TO THE PREVIOUS MANUALLY-COMPILED EDITIONS PRINTED IN THE MID-THIRTIES.

THE SURFACE CURRENT INFORMATION IS BASED MAINLY ON SHIP DRIFT, WHICH IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE DEAD RECKONING POSITION AND THE POSITION DETERMINED BY ANY TYPE OF NAVIGATIONAL FIX.
THIS DIFFERENCE DESCRIBES THE DIRECTION AND SPEED OF THE CURRENT.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Messrs. Raymond J. Beauchesne \star and William E. Boisvert made major contributions to this atlas.

^{*}Mr. Beauchesne presently is employed by the Bureau of Naval Personnel.

FOREWORD

THIS ATLAS, ONE IN A SERIES OF 43 REGIONAL SURFACE CURRENT ATLASES, IS PRODUCED TO FULFILL A NEED OF NAVY PLANNING STAFFS AND THE SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL COMMUNITIES FOR THE LATEST AVAILABLE OCEAN SURFACE CURRENT DATA. THESE ATLASES ADD TO THE WEALTH OF NAUTICAL INFORMATION UPON WHICH OPERATIONAL PLANNING, NAVIGATIONAL SAFETY, AND SHIPPING ECONOMY DEPEND. RAPID PRODUCTION AND WILE DISSEMINATION OF THIS ATLAS ARE MADE POSSIBLE BY THE LATEST COMPUTER TECHNIQUES.

THE CONSTANT IMPROVEMENT IN THE QUALITY OF SURFACE CURRENT DATA RECEIVED OVER THE YEARS IS MADE POSSIBLE LARGELY BY THE MORE THOROUGH REPORTS OF VOLUNTARY OBSERVERS IN RECENT YEARS. THE DEFENSE MAPPING AGENCY, THE OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE, AND THE USER OF THE ATLASES RELY ON THE PERSONAL OBSERVATIONS OF THE MAN WHO HAS "BEEN THERE." MARINERS, IN REPORTING THEIR OBSERVATIONS, RENDER A SERVICE NOT ONLY TO THEMSELVES BUT ALSO TO ALL "WHO GO DOWN TO THE SEA IN SHIPS." WITH THE ADVENT OF NUCLEAR POWER, ELECTRONIC NAVIGATION AIDS, AND 300,000-TON SHIPS, UP-TO-DATE, RAPIDLY DISSEMINATED ENVIRONMENTAL AND NAVIGATIONAL INFORMATION HAS BECOME INCREASINGLY IMPORTANT.

JOHN R. McDONNELL Captain, U.S. Navy

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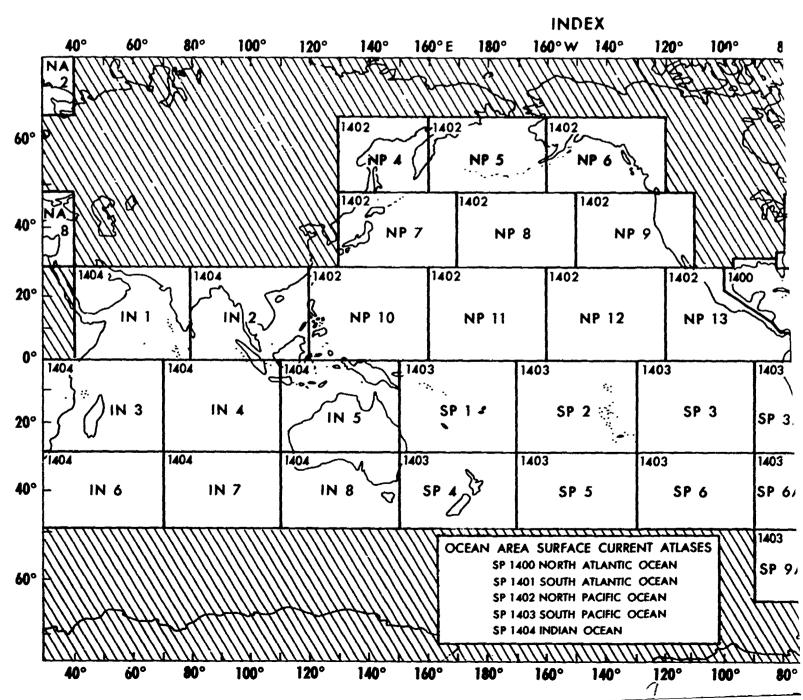
SURFACE CURRENT ATLASES

THIS SERIES OF COMPUTERIZED ATLASES REPLACES THE OLD HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE ATLASES OF SURFACE CURRENTS (HOP 566, 568, 569, 570) WHICH WERE MANUALLY COMPILED FROM DATA OBTAINED DURING THE PERIOD 1903 - 1934. THESE NEW ATLASES CONFORM TO THE STANDARD NAVY OCEAN AREA AND REGION INDEX LIMITS SHOWN BELOW: e.g., NOO SP 1402-NP 10 COVERS NORTH PACIFIC REGION 10 EAST OF THE PHILIPPINES.

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THESE GRAPHICS MAY AREAS AS THE NORTH SEA, P CURRENTS ARE STRONGLY FID PREDICTABLE HOURLY CHANGE

RECENT IMPROVEMENTS IN THE DATA FILE ASSURE THE INCLUSION OF THE LATEST, HIGH QUALITY SURFACE CURRENT DATA AVAILABLE. THE FILE NOW CONTAINS MOFE THAN 4,200,000 OBSERVATIONS AND A GENERAL UPDATE OF THE FILE WILL BE Y DE



SURFACE CURRENT ATLASES

LLD HYPROGRAPHIC OFFICE ICH WERE MANUALLY 34. THESE NEW ATLASES IX LIMITS SHOWN BELOW: LEAST OF THE PHILIPPINES. AS AMOUNTS OF NEW DATA WARRANT, MOST LIKELY EVERY 12 - 18 MONTHS.

THESE GRAPHICS MAY NOT BE TRULY REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ACTUAL FLOW IN SUCH AREAS AS THE NORTH SEA, PERSIAN GULF, GULF OF THAILAND, AND YELLOW SEA WHERE CURRENTS ARE STRONGLY TIDAL. FOR SUCH AREAS, OTHER SOURCES DESCRIBING PREDICTABLE HOURLY CHANGES OF TIDAL CURRENTS SHOULD BE CONSULTED.

LISION OF THE LATEST, NOW CONTAINS MORE FILE WILL BE MADE

INDEX 160° E 180° 160° W 140° 120° 100° **80°** 60° 40° 20° 0° 20° 1400 1400 1402 1492 1402 1400 NP 7 NP 9 NA 7 NP 8 1402 1402 1400 1400 1402 20° NP 11 NP 12 NP 13 NA 10 1400 NA 11 0° 1403 1403 1403 1403 1401 401 . SP 3 SP 1 ₽ SA 1 **SA 2** SP 3A 20° 1403 1403 1403 1403 1401 1401 SP 6A SP 5 SP 6 SA 3 40° SA 4 1403 1401 OCEAN AREA SURFACE CURRENT ATLASES SP 1400 NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN SA 5A SP 1401 SOUTH ATLANTIC OCEAN 60° SP 1402 NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN SP 1403 SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN SP 1404 INDIAN OCEAN 160° 180° 100° **80°** 160° 120° 40° 20° 20° 140° **60°**

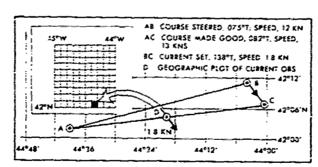
Seneral Quality

The quality of this data i, le is considered high for this type of derived value. The data have been carefully acceened for duffication; observations taken under adverse codditions (i.e. high winds and waves, time between observations greater than 12 hours) have been eliminated when varianted. Consideration was given to the reliablity of the observer; doubtful shipboard computations of set and drift were edited; and observations with erroneous locations (mostly observations on land) have been eliminated. The accepted data are considered most useful when used collectively as in summaries where a number of observations show trends.

General Observation Technique

The set (direction) and drift (speed) are computed by the navigator from the difference between the dead reckoning (DR) position and the position determined by any type of navigational fix. The drift can be determined along any straight line track and includes all factors which cause changes in the DR position. When a fix is obtained, the current set (direction) is FROM the DR position TO the fix; the drift (speed) is equal to the distance in nautical siles between the DR and the fix, divided by the number of hours since the last fix. For successive observations, the TO POSITION of one observation becomes the FROM POSITION of the next observation.

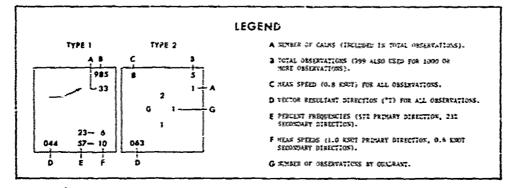
Because the influence of current may many along a shim's track, the MEAN POSITION of the track is assigned as the geographic location of the current observation. An example of a current computation is shown in the figure below.



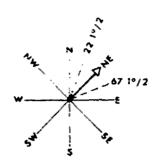
EXAMPLE OF A SURFACE CURRENT (SHIP'S DRIFT) OBSERVATION

Data Presentation

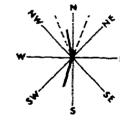
The following legend shows two types of surface current presentations by 1° quadrangle, type 1 with 12 or more observations and type 2 with fewer than 12 observations. Where there are 11 or fewer observations within a 1° quadrangle, the total number of observations is shown within the 90° quadrant containing the observations.



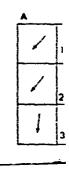
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 Persistent Current - 50 percent or more of all observations fall within a 45" sector of the 8-point compass.



(4) <u>Bizonal Flow</u> - Practically all o are concentrated in opposite patsectors, and one pair contains a-80 percent as sany observations: pair. This generally indicates: that occurs in zones of entrainment opposing currents (see examples and advangles 1, 2, and 3).



If there are 12 or more observations in a 1° quadrangle, the surface current is depicted by vector resultants as follows:

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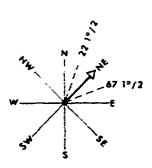
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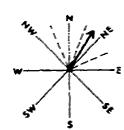
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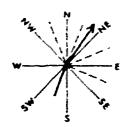
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 Persistent Current - 60 percent or more of all observations full within a 45° sector of the 3-point compass.

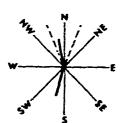


(2) Prevailing Current - 70 percent or more of all observations fall within two adjacent 45° sectors.

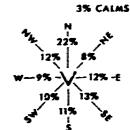


(3) Primary Current with Secondary Direction (a) Primary Current - 50 percent or more of all observations fall within three adjacent 45° sectors.

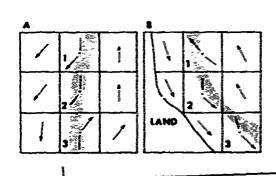
(b) Secondary Direction - 20 percent or more of all observations fall within a 45° sector, and the two resultant vector directions are separated by more than 90° of are.



(4) Bizonal Flow - Practically all observations are concentrated in opposite pairs of 45° sectors, and one pair contains at least 80 percent as many observations as the opposite pair. This generally indicates variability that occurs in zones of entrainment between opposing currents (see examples A and B, quadrangles 1, 2, and 3).



(5) Variable Corrent - The 45° sector with most observations has less than 25 percent of all observations; direction is indeterminate.



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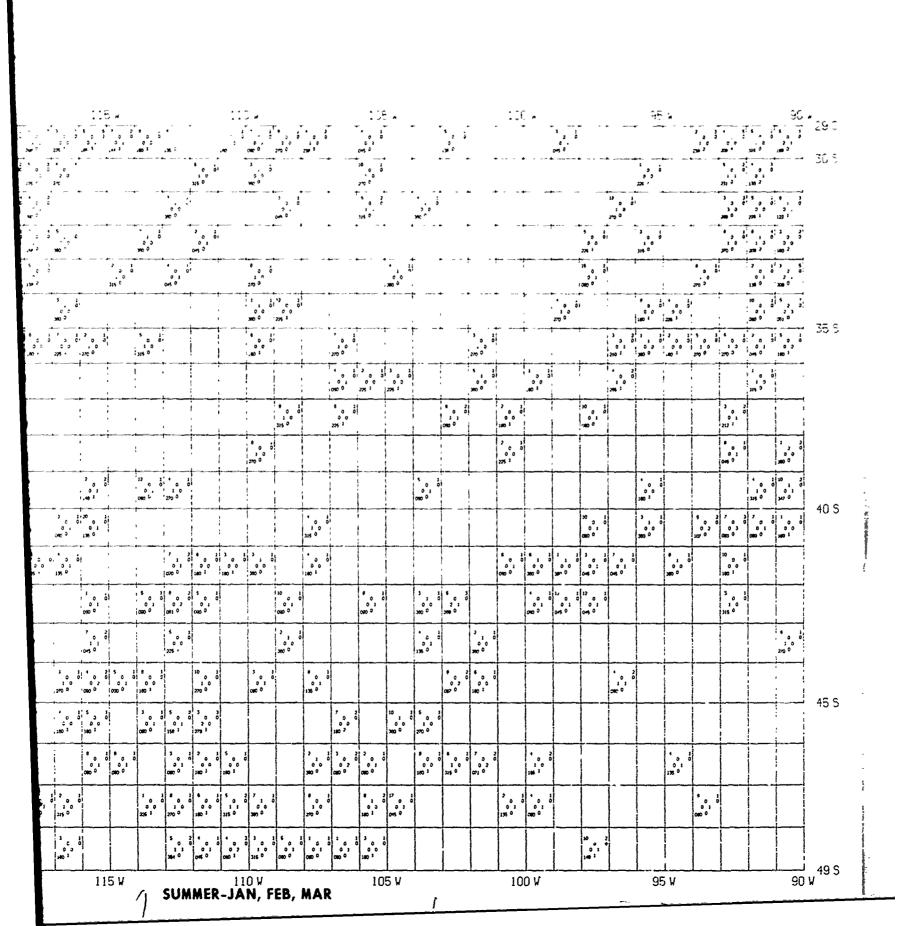
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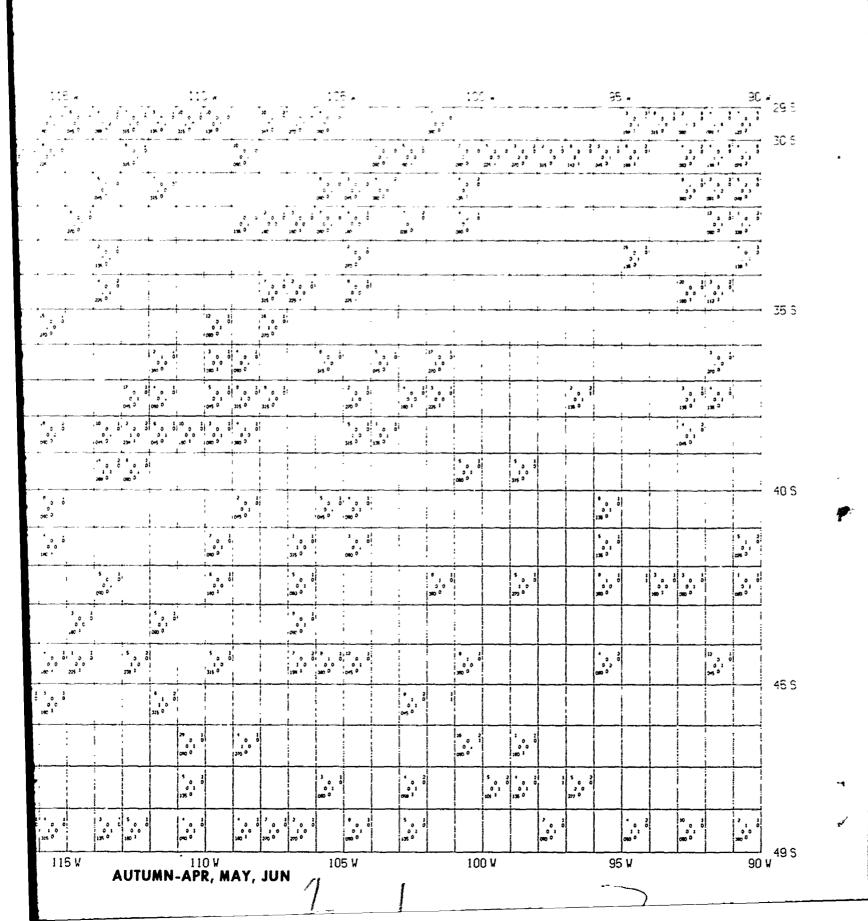
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Surface Gurrents Southeast Central South Pacific Ocean

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse ofde II necessary and Identify by block manhor)

This atlas, and the series of which it is a part, is computer generated and automatically plotted. It makes available to the user the most recent surface current data collected and will be updated whenever sufficient amounts of data are added to the data file. This and the other atlases are based on a vast quantity of data as compared to the previous manually-compiled editions printed in the mid-thirties.

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